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Isabela de Sagua.—Acting Asst. Surg. Pedro Garcia Riera reports that during the week ended February 8, 1902, 9 deaths occurred in the municipal district of Sagua, of the following causes: Tuberculosis, 3; heart disease, 2; nephritis, 1; tetanus, infantile, 1; carcinoma, 1; laryngitis, 1. No case of infectious or contagious character was reported. The death rate during the week was 22 per 1,000. For the week ended February 15, 1902, he reports that 8 deaths occurred, of the following causes: Cerebral hemorrhage, 2; myelitis, 1; gastritis, chronic, 1; heart disease, 1; other causes, 3. No case of infectious or contagious character was reported. The death rate during the week was 19.56 per 1,000. Twelve vessels arrived during the week; 3 of these were inspected and passed and 9 passed without inspection; 14 bills of health were issued to vessels leaving the port.

Caibarien.—Acting Asst. Surg. Leoncio Junco reports that 3 deaths occurred in the municipal district of Caibarien, of the following causes: Epithelioma, 1; nephritis, 1; tuberculosis, 1. No case of infectious or contagious character was reported. The death rate during the week was 18.10 per 1,000. Nine vessels arrived during the week and were passed without inspection; 7 bills of health were issued to vessels

leaving the port.

Respectfully,

FELIX GARCIA,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Nuevitas, Puerto Padre, Gibara, and Banes.

NUEVITAS, CUBA, February 10, 1902.

SIR: Through the chief quarantine officer for the island of Cuba, I have the honor to submit the following report for the third quarantine district of Cuba under my command, for the week ended February 8, 1902:

Six vessels arrived at this port, and 6 bills of health were issued. There were reported 4 deaths—hypertrophy of the heart, 1; cerebral congestion, 1; infantile tetanus, 1, and meningitis cerebral, 1. Several cases of varicella are reported among the children with no fatal results, and the sanitary condition is good.

Puerto Padre.—Report shows the arrival of 7 vessels, the issuance of 8 bills of health, 1 death from malaria, and good sanitary condition.

Gibara.—Report shows the arrival of 11 vessels; bills of health issued, 12; deaths, 4—nephritis, 1; meningitis, 1; malaria, 1, and tetanus, 1. Banes.—Report shows 6 arrivals and no death.

No quarantinable disease reported at any point in the district.

Respectfully,

OWEN W. STONE,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

## NUEVITAS, CUBA, February 17, 1902.

SIR: Through the chief quarantine officer for the island of Cuba, I have the honor to submit the following report of the third quarantine district of Cuba under my command for the week ended February 15, 1902:

Ten vessels arrived at this port and 7 bills of health were issued. There was no death reported for the week. The weather has been very cool and the sanitary condition is good.

Puerto Padre.—Report shows 5 vessels arrived, 4 bills of health issued, 1 death from diabetes, and good sanitary condition.

Reports from other ports delayed. No quarantinable disease reported

at any point in the district.

Respectfully,

OWEN W. STONE,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Santiago, Manzanillo, Guantanamo, and Daiquiri.

Santiago de Cuba, February 7, 1902.

SIR: Through the chief quarantine officer for the island of Cuba, I have the honor to submit herewith the following report for the week

ended February 1, 1902:

Santiago.—During this period there was a total of 12 deaths reported, making the annual rate mortality for the week 14.51 per 1,000. The causes of death were the following: Fever, intermittent malarial, 1; septicæmia, 1; tubercle of lungs, 3; diseases of the spinal cord, 2; tetanus, traumatic, 1; organic diseases of the heart, 1; affections of liver, 1; senile debility, 2. During the week 8 vessels were inspected and passed on arrival, 5 vessels were passed without inspection, and 10 bills of health were issued to vessels leaving port.

Manzanillo.—Acting Asst. Surg. R de Socarras reports 4 deaths due to the following causes: Tubercle, abdominal, 1; meningitis, 1; diarrhea and enteritis (under 2 years), 1; senile debility, 1. Annual rate of mortality for the week, 14.38 per 1,000. During the week 5 vessels were inspected and passed on arrival, and 9 vessels received bills of health

prior to sailing.

Guantanamo.—Acting Asst. Surg. Luis Espin reports 8 deaths due to the following causes: Fever, intermittent malarial, 1; tubercle of lungs, 2; tubercle of the meninges, 1; cancer of the uterus, 1; meningitis, 1; pneumonia. 1; biliary calculi, 1. Annual rate of mortality for the week, 23.11 per 1,000. During the week 4 vessels were passed without inspection and 2 vessels received bills of health prior to leaving port.

Daiquiri.—Nothing of interest reported. One bill of health issued

during the week.

Respectfully,

R. H. VON EZDORF, Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

## GERMANY.

Report from Berlin-Plague and cholera in various countries.

BERLIN, GERMANY, January 24, 1902.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit the latest information regarding plague and cholera, obtained from the imperial health office at Berlin:

Plague.

Turkey.—In Smyrna, on January 17, a fresh case of bubonic plague was recorded.

EGYPT.—From December 28, 1901, to January 10, 1902, 18 new plague cases were registered in Tantah, 10 of which had a fatal termination. In Ziftah there occurred 1 case and 1 death.